

vital health care services to be properly compensated and motivated to stay within the Veterans Health Administration.

Mr. RODRIGUEZ. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. SIMMONS. Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. TERRY). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Connecticut (Mr. SIMMONS) that the House suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill, S. 2484.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds having voted in favor thereof) the rules were suspended and the Senate bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. SIMMONS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on S. 2484.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Connecticut?

There was no objection.

ARIZONA WATER SETTLEMENTS ACT

Mr. HAYWORTH. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill (S. 437) to provide for adjustments to the Central Arizona Project in Arizona, to authorize the Gila River Indian Community water rights settlement, to reauthorize and amend the Southern Arizona Water Rights Settlement Act of 1982, and for other purposes.

The Clerk read as follows:

S. 437

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Arizona Water Settlements Act”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definitions.
- Sec. 3. Arbitration.
- Sec. 4. Antideficiency.

TITLE I—CENTRAL ARIZONA PROJECT SETTLEMENT

- Sec. 101. Short title.
- Sec. 102. Findings.
- Sec. 103. General permissible uses of the Central Arizona Project.
- Sec. 104. Allocation of Central Arizona Project water.
- Sec. 105. Firming of Central Arizona Project Indian water.
- Sec. 106. Acquisition of agricultural priority water.
- Sec. 107. Lower Colorado River Basin Development Fund.
- Sec. 108. Effect.
- Sec. 109. Repeal.
- Sec. 110. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 111. Repeal on failure of enforceability date under title II.

TITLE II—GILA RIVER INDIAN COMMUNITY WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT

- Sec. 201. Short title.

Sec. 202. Purposes.

Sec. 203. Approval of the Gila River Indian Community Water Rights Settlement Agreement.

Sec. 204. Water rights.

Sec. 205. Community water delivery contract amendments.

Sec. 206. Satisfaction of claims.

Sec. 207. Waiver and release of claims.

Sec. 208. Gila River Indian Community Water OM&R Trust Fund.

Sec. 209. Subsidence remediation program.

Sec. 210. After-acquired trust land.

Sec. 211. Reduction of water rights.

Sec. 212. New Mexico Unit of the Central Arizona Project.

Sec. 213. Miscellaneous provisions.

Sec. 214. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 215. Repeal on failure of enforceability date.

TITLE III—SOUTHERN ARIZONA WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT

Sec. 301. Southern Arizona water rights settlement.

Sec. 302. Southern Arizona water rights settlement effective date.

TITLE IV—SAN CARLOS APACHE TRIBE WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT

Sec. 401. Effect of titles I, II, and III.

Sec. 402. Annual report.

Sec. 403. Authorization of appropriations.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In titles I and II:

(1) ACRE-FEET.—The term “acre-feet” means acre-feet per year.

(2) AFTER-ACQUIRED TRUST LAND.—The term “after-acquired trust land” means land that—

(A) is located—

(i) within the State; but

(ii) outside the exterior boundaries of the Reservation; and

(B) is taken into trust by the United States for the benefit of the Community after the enforceability date.

(3) AGRICULTURAL PRIORITY WATER.—The term “agricultural priority water” means Central Arizona Project non-Indian agricultural priority water, as defined in the Gila River agreement.

(4) ALLOTTEE.—The term “allottee” means a person who holds a beneficial real property interest in an Indian allotment that is—

(A) located within the Reservation; and

(B) held in trust by the United States.

(5) ARIZONA INDIAN TRIBE.—The term “Arizona Indian tribe” means an Indian tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b)) that is located in the State.

(6) ASARCO.—The term “Asarco” means Asarco Incorporated, a New Jersey corporation of that name, and its subsidiaries operating mining operations in the State.

(7) CAP CONTRACTOR.—The term “CAP contractor” means a person or entity that has entered into a long-term contract (as that term is used in the repayment stipulation) with the United States for delivery of water through the CAP system.

(8) CAP OPERATING AGENCY.—The term “CAP operating agency” means the entity or entities authorized to assume responsibility for the care, operation, maintenance, and replacement of the CAP system.

(9) CAP REPAYMENT CONTRACT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “CAP repayment contract” means the contract dated December 1, 1988 (Contract No. 14-0906-09W-09245, Amendment No. 1) between the United States and the Central Arizona Water Conservation District for the delivery of water and the repayment of costs of the Central Arizona Project.

(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term “CAP repayment contract” includes all amendments to and revisions of that contract.

(10) CAP SUBCONTRACTOR.—The term “CAP subcontractor” means a person or entity that has entered into a long-term subcontract (as that term is used in the repayment stipulation) with the United States and the Central Arizona Water Conservation District for the delivery of water through the CAP system.

(11) CAP SYSTEM.—The term “CAP system” means—

(A) the Mark Wilmer Pumping Plant;

(B) the Hayden-Rhodes Aqueduct;

(C) the Fannin-McFarland Aqueduct;

(D) the Tucson Aqueduct;

(E) the pumping plants and appurtenant works of the Central Arizona Project aqueduct system that are associated with the features described in subparagraphs (A) through (D); and

(F) any extensions of, additions to, or replacements for the features described in subparagraphs (A) through (E).

(12) CENTRAL ARIZONA PROJECT.—The term “Central Arizona Project” means the reclamation project authorized and constructed by the United States in accordance with title III of the Colorado River Basin Project Act (43 U.S.C. 1521 et seq.).

(13) CENTRAL ARIZONA WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT.—The term “Central Arizona Water Conservation District” means the political subdivision of the State that is the contractor under the CAP repayment contract.

(14) CITIES.—The term “Cities” means the cities of Chandler, Glendale, Goodyear, Mesa, Peoria, Phoenix, and Scottsdale, Arizona.

(15) COMMUNITY.—The term “Community” means the Gila River Indian Community, a government composed of members of the Pima Tribe and the Maricopa Tribe and organized under section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (25 U.S.C. 476).

(16) COMMUNITY CAP WATER.—The term “Community CAP water” means water to which the Community is entitled under the Community water delivery contract.

(17) COMMUNITY REPAYMENT CONTRACT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “Community repayment contract” means Contract No. 6-0907-0903-09W0345 between the United States and the Community dated July 20, 1998, providing for the construction of water delivery facilities on the Reservation.

(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term “Community repayment contract” includes any amendments to the contract described in subparagraph (A).

(18) COMMUNITY WATER DELIVERY CONTRACT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “Community water delivery contract” means Contract No. 3-0907-0930-09W0284 between the Community and the United States dated October 22, 1992.

(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term “Community water delivery contract” includes any amendments to the contract described in subparagraph (A).

(19) CRR PROJECT WORKS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “CRR project works” means the portions of the San Carlos Irrigation Project located on the Reservation.

(B) INCLUSION.—The term “CRR Project works” includes the portion of the San Carlos Irrigation Project known as the “Southside Canal”, from the point at which the Southside Canal connects with the Pima Canal to the boundary of the Reservation.

(20) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means—

(A) the Director of the Arizona Department of Water Resources; or

(B) with respect to an action to be carried out under this title, a State official or agency designated by the Governor or the State legislature.